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OLYMPIAD EXPLORER



Workbook for

International **ENGLISH** Olympiad & Other
National/International Olympiads/Talent Search Exams.

Based on CBSE, ICSE, GCSE, State Board Syllabus & NCF (NCERT)

100's of Q's with answers

- Chapterwise Practice Q's
- Revision Q's
- Sample Paper



Class

8

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EduHeal Foundation conducts 5 Olympiads annually reaching out to 3,500 + Schools
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PRIZES



WORKSHOP • TEACHER TRAINING PROG. • MAGAZINE/LAB GRANT • PRINCIPAL LEADERSHIP AWARD.

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SYLLABUS GUIDELINES

Based on CBSE, ICSE & GCSE Syllabus
& NCF guidelines devised by NCERT

Section I. Comprehension

- Based on General topics
- Story
- Incident based
- Stanza based.

Section II. Knowledge

- Classification
- Analogy
- Distinguishing between Fact and Opinion
- Identification through definition and example | Antonyms /Synonyms
- Jumbled sentence.

Section III. Grammar (Uses and application of all topics mentioned below)

- Noun
- Pronoun
- Verb
- Adverb
- Preposition
- Conjunction
- Tenses
- Voice
- Modals
- Clauses
- Determiners.

Section IV. Analysis

- Inferring information
- Judging completeness of process
- Judging logic of actions
- Judging story logic.

Section V.

Writing Skills

- Paragraph
- Essay
- Letters
- Notice, Message, and Reports



- Q.1.** She is eating an apple.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.2.** The man sings a song
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.3.** Water boils at 100 degree.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.4.** The Sun sets in the west.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.5.** She has a dog.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.6.** We don't play hockey everyday.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.7.** They have a tennis racket at home.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.8.** The Earth revolves around the Sun.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.9.** My mother cooks good food.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.10.** I am working in the field.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.11.** We are not working
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.12.** Are they making a mischief?

- (a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.13.** We do not sing.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.14.** I am not playing hockey.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.15.** Can you do me a favor by helping me?
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.16.** They have a T.V. at home.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.17.** We play hockey everyday.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.18.** They do not sing.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.19.** We shall go to the temple in the evening.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.20.** She has many luxury cars at home.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.21.** We do not play football everyday.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.22.** She is not working.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.23.** She has to work very hard.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.24.** They are not playing in the park.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect

- (c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.25.** She rings the bell at noon.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.26.** She is not sleeping in the room.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.27.** They are dancing outside.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.28.** I push in the wrong direction
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.29.** She plays in the football ground.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.30.** She does not dance well.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.31.** We play cricket every morning.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.32.** Sita does not drink tea.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.33.** Ram is a simple boy.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.34.** Does she play football everyday?
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.35.** She has a doll of dark colour.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.36.** They have a big playground to play.
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these

- Q.37.** She has very good cooking skills.
 (a) simple present (b) present perfect
 (c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.38.** The postman delivers letters in the morning.
 (a) simple present (b) present perfect
 (c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.39.** She is sitting in a chair.
 (a) simple present (b) present perfect
 (c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.40.** She is making a noise without any reason.
 (a) simple present (b) present perfect
 (c) present continuous (d) none of these
- Q.41.** I played.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.42.** I ate breakfast at 8 o'clock.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.43.** We didn't have breakfast in the morning.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.44.** They had a big car at home.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.45.** She didn't keep her promise.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.46.** Did Kabir build this place?
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.47.** It had rained heavily in the night.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.48.** You had slept.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these

- Q.49.** The bell had rung before I reached the school.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.50.** She had passed B.A. in 1947.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.51.** When I reached school the bell had rung.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.52.** I had played.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.53.** They were doing their work.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.54.** Where were they playing?
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.55.** I had taken my lunch.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.56.** They were playing.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.57.** He kicked the ball.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.58.** They were playing in the garden.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.59.** The children were dancing in the hall.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.60.** I had not played in the night.
 (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
 (c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.61.** She had not built a house.

- (a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.62.** I had played in the park.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.63.** Everybody had gone to sleep.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.64.** I was cooking.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.65.** Were they playing?
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.66.** We did our best to decorate the school.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.67.** I was looking into these problems.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.68.** I was singing a song.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.69.** They had been staying in a bungalow for four years.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.70.** The plane was flying at a very high speed.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.71.** The duck was swimming in water.
(a) simple past tense (b) past perfect tense
(c) past continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.72.** I will be playing.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.73.** Will they be cooking?
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense

- (c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.74.** This bus will not take you to the station.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.75.** She will do this in the evening.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.76.** He will not be cooking the food.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.77.** She will have played by evening.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.78.** I will see you tomorrow.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.79.** I will come to your house.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.80.** She will have slept.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.81.** They will have gone home.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.82.** They will be cooking food at this time.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.83.** By next winters they will have closed their school.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.84.** Rani will be completing her training by next weekend.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.85.** They will have done their homework.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense

- (c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.86.** I shall be eating my lunch.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.87.** My father will be teaching me English.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.88.** She will have read her novel by tomorrow.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.89.** She will not have gone home.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.90.** She will be doing it tomorrow.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.91.** I will have gone before she comes.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.92.** The thieves will have run away on seeing the police.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.93.** I will go before she comes.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.94.** My father will have come.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.95.** My friend will be returning by tomorrow.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.96.** Kavita will go to her house in the evening.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.97.** They will not have played the match.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense

- (c) future continuous tense (d) none of these
- Q.98.** You will be swimming in the morning.
(a) simple future tense (b) future perfect tense
(c) future continuous tense (d) none of these



ANSWERS

- | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (c) | 2. (a) | 3. (a) | 4. (a) | 5. (a) | 6. (a) | 7. (a) | 8. (a) |
| 9. (a) | 10. (c) | 11. (c) | 12. (c) | 13. (a) | 14. (c) | 15. (a) | 16. (a) |
| 17. (a) | 18. (a) | 19. (a) | 20. (a) | 21. (a) | 22. (c) | 23. (a) | 24. (c) |
| 25. (a) | 26. (c) | 27. (c) | 28. (a) | 29. (a) | 30. (a) | 31. (a) | 32. (a) |
| 33. (a) | 34. (a) | 35. (a) | 36. (a) | 37. (a) | 38. (a) | 39. (c) | 40. (c) |
| 41. (a) | 42. (a) | 43. (a) | 44. (a) | 45. (a) | 46. (a) | 47. (b) | 48. (b) |
| 49. (b) | 50. (b) | 51. (b) | 52. (b) | 53. (c) | 54. (c) | 55. (b) | 56. (c) |
| 57. (a) | 58. (c) | 59. (c) | 60. (b) | 61. (b) | 62. (b) | 63. (b) | 64. (c) |
| 65. (c) | 66. (a) | 67. (c) | 68. (c) | 69. (d) | 70. (c) | 71. (c) | 72. (c) |
| 73. (c) | 74. (a) | 75. (a) | 76. (c) | 77. (b) | 78. (a) | 79. (a) | 80. (b) |
| 81. (b) | 82. (c) | 83. (b) | 84. (c) | 85. (b) | 86. (c) | 87. (c) | 88. (b) |
| 89. (b) | 90. (c) | 91. (b) | 92. (b) | 93. (a) | 94. (b) | 95. (c) | 96. (a) |
| 97. (b) | 98. (c) | | | | | | |



International English Olympiad Sample Paper

Time : 60 minutes.

Total Marks : 50

Comprehension

Scientists have come up with a radical new theory of planet formation, by suggesting that Mars and Mercury were formed from the scraps of Earth and Venus.

According to a report in National Geographic News, the model made by Brad Hansen, from the University of California, Los Angeles, could explain some characteristics of Mars and Mercury that have long puzzled scientists. Scientists generally agree that Earth and the solar system formed from a wispy disk of gas and dust that ringed the infant Sun some 4.5 billion years ago.

In computer simulations of this process, scientists typically assume that the initial dust particles were distributed evenly in a disk around the Sun. If the rocky planets formed from a homogeneous debris disk, they should all be roughly the same size and orbit the Sun in similar circular orbits. In reality, however, Venus and Earth are much more massive than Mercury and Mars.

- Q.1.** What is the new theory?
(a) Mars and Saturn are made from the scraps.
(b) Saturn and Mercury are made from the scraps
(c) Mars and Mercury are made from the scraps
(d) None of these
- Q.2.** Earth and solar system were made by-
(a) air and pollution
(b) Wispy disk of gas and dust
(c) infant sun
(d) none of these
- Q.3.** Model is made by-
(a) Hudson (b) Brad Hansen
(c) Brahman (d) None of these
- Q.4.** Which two are heavier?
(a) Earth and Mars (b) Earth and Venus
(c) Mars and Mercury (d) None of these
- Q.5.** Write the synonym of quiet?
(a) Polite (b) Calm
(c) Rude (d) None of these
- Q.6.** Write the antonym of coarse?
(a) Smooth (b) Deep

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- (c) Heavy (d) None of these
- Q.7.** Fill with the correct word. Anita is ___ than Reetu by two years.
(a) elder (b) older
(c) eldest (d) oldest
- Q.8.** Fill with the correct adjective." I had ___time than I needed."(much)
(a) more (b) less
(c) big (d) none of these
- Q.9.** A pronoun that stands for a person or thing is called a –
(a) personal (b) possessive
(c) relative (d) none of these
- Q.10.** "He will have all the facilities." This sentence is in which tense?
(a) simple future tense (b) future continuous tense
(c) future perfect tense (d) none of these
- Q.11.** A verb that requires an object to complete its meaning is called a –
(a) incomplete verb (b) intransitive verb
(c) transitive verb (d) none of these
- Q.12.** 'Abhijit sang well.' This is in which tense?
(a) simple past tense (b) simple future tense
(c) simple present tense (d) none of these
- Q.13.** What is the plural of 'family'-
(a) familys (b) families
(c) familiies (d) none of these
- Q.14.** A noun that denotes a non-living thing is called a-
(a) feminine gender (b) masculine gender
(c) neuter gender (d) none of these
- Q.15.** An ___ is a word which expresses some sudden feelings.
(a) conjunction (b) interjection
(c) adverb (d) none of these
- Q.16.** 'Hockey is played by Anita.' What is the correct active voice sentence-?
(a) Anita plays Hockey. (b) Hockey will be played by Anita.
(c) Anita will be playing Hockey.
(d) none of these
- Q.17.** 'The child jumped carefully.' The word 'carefully' is which adverb-

- (a) adverb of place (b) adverb of manner
(c) adverb of degree (d) none of these
- Q.18.** "Who brought that painting on the wall." Which word is preposition here?
(a) that (b) on
(c) wall (d) none of these
- Q.19.** A _____ is a word used to join words, groups of words or sentences.
(a) interjection (b) conjunction
(c) noun (d) none of these
- Q.20.** Punctuate the sentence "a father had two sons the elder was wise clever and diligent the younger was foolish lazy and careless"
(a) A father had two sons. The elder was wise, clever, and diligent. The younger was foolish, lazy and careless.
(b) A father had two sons. The elder was wise, clever and diligent. The younger was foolish, lazy and careless.
(c) A father had two sons. The elder was wise, clever, and diligent. the younger was foolish lazy and careless.
(d) none of these
- Q.21.** 'Never tell ___ lie.' Fill with any of the following-
(a) an (b) a
(c) the (d) none of these
- Q.22.** 'I can swim across the river.' What does can signify here?
(a) modal (b) gerund
(c) participle (d) none of these
- Q.23.** He is sure. He will pass
(a) He is sure that he will pass
(b) He is sure and he will pass
(c) He is sure but he will pass
(d) none of these
- Q.24.** _____ did you give that letter? Fill with the correct word.
(a) Who (b) Whom
(c) Which (d) None of these
- Q.25.** A very pretty woman, ___ she squints a little. Fill with the correct conjunction.
(a) while (b) But
(c) lest (d) none of these
- Q.26.** Tick the correct antonyms for the word given: foreigner

- (a) forever (b) native
(c) never (d) none of these
- (Q.27 - Q.28) Tick at the correct synonyms for the word given:**
- Q.27.** virtually
(a) precisely (b) practically
(c) really (d) none of these
- Q.28.** furious
(a) angry (b) valid
(c) leading (d) none of these
- Q.29.** Tick at the correct pronoun in the sentence. I **myself** locked the door.
(a) emphatic (b) reflective
(c) relative (d) none of these
- Q.30.** Tick at the correct option. The referee ___ the whistle.
(a) blue (b) blew
(c) bale (d) none of these
- Q.31.** Tick at the correct option. Are they making a mischief?
(a) simple present (b) present perfect
(c) present continuous (d) none of these
- (Q.32 - Q.33) Change the active voice into passive voice-**
- Q.32.** The teacher will not explain these questions.
(a) These questions will not be explained.
(b) These questions will not be explained by the teacher.
(c) These questions will be explained by the teacher.
(d) none of these
- Q.33.** I shall set up a new factory at Mayapuri.
(a) A factory will be set up by me.
(b) A new factory will be set by me at Mayapuri.
(c) A new factory will be set up by me at Mayapuri.
(d) none of these
- Fill in the blanks with the passive form of the verb in past perfect tense.**
- Q.34.** He thought he ___ unjustly.(punish)
(a) had been punished (b) had punished
(c) had been punish (d) none of these
- Q.35.** The bold letter is which adverb? I called at your house **twice**.
(a) adverb of degree (b) adverb of frequency

- (c) adverb of time (d) none of these

Tick at the correct option whether the bold word has been used in which form.

Q.36. In Delhi, the train gets **crowded** with daily passengers.

- (a) adverb (b) adjective
(c) pronoun (d) none of these

Q.37. Tick at the correct conjunction. Revise your lessons _____ you will not be able to clear your exams.

- (a) otherwise (b) while
(c) because (d) none of these

Q.38 . Put the correct interjection in the given sentence. _____ ! I am glad that you came to my place.

- (a) hi (b) oye
(c) hello (d) none of these

Direction for (Q 39-40) Convert the direct speech into indirect speech.

Q.39. The teacher says "The monkey is a clever animal."

- (a) The teacher says that the monkey was a clever animal.
(b) The teacher says that the monkey is a clever animal.
(c) The teacher says that the monkey will be a clever animal.
(d) none of these

Q.40. The driver said, "The railway bridge has collapsed."

- (a) The driver said that the railway bridge had collapsed.
(b) The driver said that the railway bridge has collapsed.
(c) The driver said that the railway bridge have collapsed.
(d) none of these

INTERACTIVE SECTION

Complete the jokes below with one of the following phrases:

- (a) on the toilet door (f) stop it
(b) spend it for you (g) look at it
(c) go back tomorrow (i) fight for them
(d) stop her (j) have a door
(e) wake up until seven O'clock (k) the headmaster

Q.41. Does your watch tell the time?

> No, you have to.....

Q.42. Did you know that every four seconds a woman gives birth to a child?

> That's terrible . We must find this woman and.....

Q.43. I'm not going to school today. The teachers don't like me.

The children hate me and the caretaker is rude to me.

> But you have to go to school for two very good reasons.

What are they?

> You're forty years old and you're.....



"You have to go to school!"

Q.44. A young boy arrived home with a black eye.

> Who gave you the black eye? Shouted his mother. They don't given you one of the these, mother. You have to.....

Q.45. I'm having a problem breathing, doctor.

> Well, I must give you something to.....

Q.46. I have a problem. I have to go to the toilet at six o'clock in the morning.

> Why is that a problem?

I don't

Q.47. Mrs Robinson was very worried about her weight because she wanted to look good for her holiday at the seaside. On a bus one day she said to the woman sitting next to her :

> I must get rid of twenty pounds but I don't know how to do it.

That's easy, give it to me and I'll.....

Q.48. You have to whistle loudly in our house.

> Why is that?

Because there's no lock

Q.49. Did you enjoy your first day at school, son?

> What! Do you mean I have to

Q.50. I had to get up early this morning to open the door in my pyjamas.

> That's a strange place to



ANSWERS

1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (b) 6. (a) 7. (b) 8. (a)
9. (a) 10. (c) 11. (c) 12. (a) 13. (b) 14. (c) 15. (b) 16. (a)
17. (b) 18. (b) 19. (b) 20. (b) 21. (b) 22. (a) 23. (a) 24. (b)
25. (b) 26. (b) 27. (c) 28. (a) 29. (a) 30. (b) 31. (c) 32. (b)
33. (c) 34. (b) 35. (b) 36. (a) 37. (a) 38. (c) 39. (b) 40. (a)
41. (g) 42. (d) 43. (k) 44. (i) 45. (f) 46. (e) 47. (b) 48. (a)
49. (c) 50. (j)

